



New Model Institute for Technology and Engineering

Articles of Association

Dated 13 December 2013

Company limited by guarantee

(as amended by special resolution dated 28 January 2014)

(Company name change as amended by special resolution dated 17 December 2019)

The company's name is New Model Institute for Technology and Engineering (and in this document it is called the "the Charity")

1. INTERPRETATION

In the Articles:

"Address" means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case registered with the Charity,

"the Articles" means the Charity's Articles of Association,

"the Charity" means the company intended to be regulated by these Articles,

"clear days" In relation to a period of notice means a period excluding

- the day when notice is given or deemed to be given, and
- the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect,

"the Commission" means the Charity Commission for England and Wales,

"Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) insofar as they apply to the Charity,

"the Directors" means the Directors of the Charity. The Directors are Charity trustees as defined by section 177 of the Charities Act 2011,

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,

"electronic form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006, "the Memorandum" means the Charity's Memorandum of Association.



"Officers" includes the Directors and the secretary (if any),

"the Seal" means the common seal of the Charity if it has one,

"Secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Charity,

"the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and words importing one

gender shall include all genders, and the singular includes the plural and vice versa

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in the Articles have the same meaning as in the Companies Acts but excluding any statutory modification not in force when this constitution becomes binding on the Charity.

Apart from the exception mentioned in the previous paragraph a reference to an Act of Parliament includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force

2. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS

The liability of members is limited to a sum not exceeding £1, being the amount that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member for

2.1 payment of the Charity's debts and liabilities incurred before he, she or it ceases to be a member,

2.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up,
and

2.3 adjustment of the rights of the contributions among
themselves

3. OBJECTS

The Charity's Objects ("**Objects**") are specifically restricted to the following

- 3.1 to advance education by establishing, maintaining, developing and running in or near the City of Hereford and elsewhere in the County of Herefordshire a tertiary education centre with a view to it obtaining university status, and
- 3.2 to advance such other exclusively charitable purposes compatible with the advancement of a tertiary education centre seeking to obtain university status as the Trustees in their absolute discretion determine

4. POWERS

The Charity has power to do anything which is calculated to further its Objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so in particular, the Charity has power

- 4.1 to raise funds
- 4.2 to buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for use,
- 4.3 to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the Charity. In exercising this power, the Charity must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 122 of the Charities Act 2011,
- 4.4 to borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of the property belonging to the Charity as security for repayment of the money borrowed or as security for a grant or the discharge of an obligation The Charity must comply as appropriate with sections 124 - 126 of the Charities Act 2011, if it wishes to mortgage land,
- 4.5 to co-operate with other charities, voluntary bodies and statutory authorities and to exchange information and advice with them,
- 4.6 to establish or support any charitable trusts, associations or institutions formed for any of the charitable purposes included in the Objects,

- 4.7 to acquire, merge with or to enter into any partnership or joint venture arrangement with any other Charity,
- 4.8 to set aside income as a reserve against future expenditure but only in accordance with a written policy about reserves,
- 4.9 to employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the Charity. The Charity may employ or remunerate a Director only to the extent it is permitted to do so by Article 6 and provided It complies with the conditions in that Article,
- 4.10 to
 - 4.10.1 deposit or invest funds,
 - 4.10.2 employ a professional fund-manager, and
 - 4.10.3 arrange for the investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee,In the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act 2000,
- 4.11 to provide indemnity insurance for the Directors in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in section 189 of the Charities Act 2011,
- 4.12 to pay out of the funds of the Charity the costs of forming and registering the Charity both as a company and as a Charity

5. APPLICATION OF INCOME AND PROPERTY

- 5.1 The income and property of the Charity shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects
- 5.2 A Director
 - 5.2.1 Is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the Charity or may pay out of such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the Charity



- 5.2.2 may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the Charity's expense in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 189 of the Charities Act 2011
- 5.2.3 may receive an indemnity from the Charity In the circumstances specified in Article 56
- 5.2.4 may not receive any other benefit or payment unless it is authorised by Article 6
- 5.3 Subject to Article 6, none of the income or property of the Charity may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividends bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the Charity. This does not prevent a member who is not also a Director receiving
 - 5.3.1 a benefit from the Charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity,
 - 5.3.2 reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the Charity

6. BENEFITS AND PAYMENTS TO CHARITY DIRECTORS AND CONNECTED PERSONS

6.1 General provisions

No Director or Connected Person may

- 6.1.1 buy any goods or services from the Charity on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public,
- 6.1.2 sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the Charity,
- 6.1.3 be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the Charity,
- 6.1.4 receive any other financial benefit from the Charity,
unless the payment is permitted by Article 6 2, or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission.

In this Article a "financial benefit" means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value

6.2 Scope and powers permitting Directors' or Connected Persons' benefits

6.2.1 A Director or Connected Person may receive a benefit from the Charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity provided that a majority of the Directors do not benefit in this way

6.2.2 A Director or Connected Person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the Charity where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 185 and 186 of the Charities Act 2011

6.2.3 Subject to Article 6.3, a Director or Connected Person may provide the Charity with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the Charity by the Director or Connected Person

6.2.4 A Director or Connected Person may receive interest on money lent to the Charity at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate)

6.2.5 A Director or Connected Person may receive rent for premises let by the Director or Connected Person to the Charity. The amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The Director concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion

6.2.6 A Director or Connected Person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the Charity on the same terms as members of the public

6.3 Payment for the supply of goods only - controls

The Charity and its Directors may only rely upon the authority provided by Article 6.2.3 if each of the following conditions is satisfied.

6.3.1 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set



out in an agreement in writing between the Charity or its Directors (as the case may be) and the Director or Connected Person supplying the goods (the "Supplier") under which the Supplier is to supply the goods in question to or on behalf of the Charity

- 6.3.2 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question
- 6.3.3 The other Directors are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Charity to contract with the Supplier rather than with someone who is not a Director or Connected Person. In reaching that decision the Directors must balance the advantage of contracting with a Director or Connected Person against the disadvantages of doing so
- 6.3.4 The Supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the Charity
- 6.3.5 The Supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of Directors is present at the meeting
- 6.3.6 The reason for their decision is recorded by the Directors in the minute book
- 6.3.7 A majority of the Directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by Article 6

6.4 In Articles 6.2 and 6.3

- 6.4.1 "Charity" includes any company in which the Charity
 - 6.4.1.1 holds more than 50% of the shares, or
 - 6.4.1.2 controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares, or



6.4.1.3 has the right to appoint one or more Directors to the board of the company

6.4.2 **"Connected Person"** includes any person within the definition in Article 60 "Interpretation"

7. **DECLARATION OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

7.1 A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Charity which has not previously been declared. A Director must absent himself or herself from any discussions of the Charity Directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the Charity and any personal interest (including but not limited to any personal financial interest).

8. **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND CONFLICTS OF LOYALTIES**

8.1 If a conflict of interests arises for a Director because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in the Articles, the unconflicted Directors may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply

8.1.1 the conflicted Director is absent from the part of the meeting at which there

is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person,

8.1.2 the conflicted Director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of Directors is present at the meeting, and

8.1.3 the unconflicted Directors consider it is in the interests of the Charity to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying

8.2 In this Article a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to

another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a Director or to a Connected Person

9. MEMBERS

9.1 The subscribers to the Memorandum are the first members of the Charity

9.2 Membership is open to other individuals or organisations who

9.2.1 apply to the Charity in the form required by the Directors, and

9.2.2 are approved by the Directors

9.3 The Directors

9.3.1 may only refuse an application for membership if, acting reasonably and properly, they consider it to be in the best interests of the Charity to refuse the application

9.3.2 must inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal within twenty-one (21) days of the decision

9.3.3 must consider any written representations the applicant may make about the decision. The Directors' decision following any written representations must be notified to the applicant in writing but shall be final.

9.4 Membership is not transferable

9.5 The Directors must keep a register of names and addresses of the members

10. CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP

10.1 The Directors may establish classes of membership with different rights and obligations and shall record the rights and obligations in the register of members

10.2 The Directors may not directly or indirectly alter the rights or obligations attached to a class of membership

- 10.3 The rights attached to a class of membership may only be waived if
- 10.3.1 three quarters of the members of that class consent in writing to the variation, or
 - 10.3.2 a special resolution is passed at a separate general meeting of the members of that class agreeing to the variation
- 10.4 The provisions in the Articles about general meetings shall apply to any meeting relating to the variation of the rights of any class of members

11. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP

Membership is terminated if

- 11.1 The member dies or, if it is an organisation, ceases to exist,
- 11.2 The member resigns by written notice to the Charity unless, after the resignation, there would be less than two members,
- 11.3 Any sum due from the member to the Charity is not paid in full within six months of it falling due,
- 11.4 The member is removed from membership by a resolution of the Directors that it is in the best interests of the Charity that his or her or its membership is terminated. A resolution to remove a member from membership may only be passed if
- 11.4.1 the member has been given at least twenty-one (21) days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it is to be proposed,
 - 11.4.2 the member or, at the option of the member, the member's representative (who need not be a member of the Charity) has been allowed to make representations to the meeting,
- 11.5 The member, being also a Director ceases to be a Director

12. GENERAL MEETINGS

- 12.1 A Charity must hold its first annual general meeting within eighteen (18)



months after the date of its Incorporation

- 12.2 An annual general meeting must be held in each subsequent year and not more than fifteen (15) months may elapse between successive annual general meetings

13. CALLING A GENERAL MEETING

The Directors may call a general meeting at any time

14. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 14.1 The minimum periods of notice required to hold a general meeting of the Charity are

14.1.1 twenty-one (21) clear days for an annual general meeting or a general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution,

14.1.2 fourteen (14) clear days for all other general meetings

- 14.2 A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90 percent of the total voting rights

- 14.3 The notice must specify the date time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted If the meeting is to be an annual general meeting, the notice must say so The notice must also contain a statement setting out the right of members to appoint a proxy under section 324 of the Companies Act 2006 and Article 21

- 14.4 The notice must be given to all the members and to the Directors and auditors

15. ACCIDENTAL OMISSION OF NOTICE

- 15.1 The proceedings at a meeting shall not be invalidated because a person who



was entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the Charity

16. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

16.1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present

16.2 A quorum is

16.2.1 two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be conducted at the meeting, or

16.2.2 one tenth of the total membership at the time with the right to vote upon the business to be conducted at the meeting

whichever is the greater

16.3 The authorised representative of a member organisation shall be counted in the quorum

17. LACK OF QUORUM

17.1 If

17.1.1 a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or

17.1.2 during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present,

the meeting shall be adjourned to such time and place as the Directors shall determine

17.2 The Directors must reconvene the meeting and must give at least seven (7) clear days' notice of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting

17.3 If no quorum is present at the reconvened meeting within fifteen (15) minutes of the time specified for the start of the meeting the members present in person or by proxy at that time shall constitute the quorum for that



meeting

18. CHAIRING MEETINGS

18.1 General meetings shall be chaired by the person who has been appointed to chair

meetings of the Directors

18.2 If there is no such person or he or she is not present within fifteen (15) minutes of the time appointed for the meeting a Director nominated by the Directors shall chair the meeting

18.3 If there is only one Director present and willing to act, he or she shall chair the meeting

18.4 If no Director is present and willing to chair the meeting within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding it, the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of their number to chair the meeting

19. ADJOURNING AND RECONVENING GENERAL MEETINGS

19.1 The members present in person or by proxy at a meeting may resolve by ordinary resolution that the meeting shall be adjourned

19.2 The person who is chairing the meeting must decide the date, time and place at which the meeting is to be reconvened unless those details are specified in the resolution

19.3 No business shall be conducted at a reconvened meeting unless it could properly have been conducted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place

19.4 If a meeting is adjourned by a resolution of the members for more than seven (7) days, at least seven (7) clear days' notice shall be given of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting



20. VOTING

20.1 Any vote at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded

20.1.1 by the person chairing the meeting, or

20.1.2 by at least two (2) members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting, or

20.1.3 by a member or members present in person or by proxy representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting

20.2

20.2.1 The declaration by the person who is chairing the meeting of the result of a vote shall be conclusive unless a poll is demanded

20.2.2 The result of the vote must be recorded in the minutes of the Charity, but the number or proportion of votes cast need not be recorded

20.3

20.3.1 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the person who is chairing the meeting

20.3.2 If the demand for a poll is withdrawn the demand shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made

20.4

20.4.1 A poll must be taken as the person who is chairing the meeting directs, who may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and who may fix a time and place for declaring the results of the poll

20.4.2 The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll is demanded

20.5

20.5.1 A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on



a question of adjournment must be taken Immediately

20.5.2 A poll demanded on any other question must be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the person who is chairing the meeting directs

20.5.3 The poll must be taken within thirty (30) days after it has been demanded

20.5.4 If the poll is not taken Immediately at least seven (7) clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken

20.5.5 If a poll is demanded the meeting may continue to deal with any other business that may be conducted at the meeting

21. CONTENT OF PROXY NOTICES

21.1 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which

21.1.1 states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,

21.1.2 identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,

21.1.3 is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine, and

21.1.4 is delivered to the Charity in accordance with the Articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate

21.2 The Charity may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes

21.3 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote



(or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions

21.4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as

21.4.1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and

21.4.2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

21.5 Delivery of proxy notices

21.5.1 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Charity by or on behalf of that person

21.5.2 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Charity a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given

21.5.3 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates

21.5.4 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

22. WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

22.1 A resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution by a majority of not less than 75%) of the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective provided that

22.1.1 a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to every eligible member,

22.1.2 a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution a majority of not less than 75%) of members has signified its agreement to the resolution,

and

22.1.3 It is contained in an authenticated document which has been received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date

22.2 A resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members have signified their agreement

22.3 In the case of a member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreement

23. VOTES OF MEMBERS

23.1 Subject to Article 10, every member, whether an individual or an organisation, shall have one vote

24. OBJECTIONS

24.1 Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is tendered and the decision of the person who is chairing the meeting shall be final

25. REPRESENTATIVES OF ORGANISATIONS

25.1 Any organisation that is a member of the Charity may nominate any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the Charity

25.2 The organisation must give written notice to the Charity of the name of its representative. The representative shall not be entitled to represent the



organisation at any meeting unless the notice has been received by the Charity. The representative may continue to represent the organisation until written notice to the contrary is received by the Charity

25.3 Any notice given to the Charity will be conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the organisation or that his or her authority has been revoked. The Charity shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly appointed by the organisation

26. DIRECTORS

26.1 A Director must be a natural person aged 16 years or older

26.2 No one may be appointed a Director if he or she would be disqualified from acting under the provisions of Article 38

27. MINIMUM NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

27.1 The minimum number of Directors shall be two but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum

28. FIRST DIRECTORS

28.1 The first Directors shall be those persons notified to Companies House as the first Directors of the Charity

29. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

29.1 Director may not appoint an alternate Director or anyone to act on his or behalf at meetings of the Directors

30. POWERS OF DIRECTORS

30.1 The Directors shall manage the business of the Charity and may exercise all the power of the Charity unless they are subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Acts, the Articles or any special resolution

30.2 No alteration of the Articles or any special resolution shall have retrospective effect to invalidate any prior act of the Directors

30.3 Any meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present at the time the relevant decision is made may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors

31. RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

31.1 At the first annual general meeting after the date of adoption of these Articles, no directors shall retire from office. At each subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the Directors or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third, must retire from office. If there is only one Director he or she must retire

32. ORDER OF RETIREMENT

32.1 The Directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment. If any Directors became or were appointed Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot

32.2 If a Director is required to retire at an annual general meeting by a provision of the Articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting

33. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

The Charity may by ordinary resolution

33.1 appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, and

33.2 determine the rotation in which any additional Directors are to retire

34. RECOMMENDATION FOR ELECTION

No person other than a Director retiring by rotation may be appointed a Director at



any general meeting unless

34.1 he or she is recommended for re-election by the Directors, or

34.2 not less than fourteen (14) nor more than thirty-five (35) clear days before the date of the meeting, the Charity is given a notice that

34.2.1 is signed by a member entitled to vote at the meeting,

34.2.2 states the member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a Director,

34.2.3 contains the details that, if the person were to be appointed, the Charity would have to file at Companies House, and

34.2.4 is signed by the person who is to be proposed to show his or her willingness to be appointed

35. NOTICE OF RESOLUTION TO APPOINT DIRECTORS

35.1 All members who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting must be given not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight (28) clear days' notice of any resolution to be put to the meeting to appoint a Director other than a Director who is to retire by rotation

36. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR BY DIRECTORS

36.1 The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director

36.2 A Director appointed by a resolution of the other Directors must retire at the next annual general meeting and must not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation

37. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

37.1 The appointment of a Director, whether by the Charity in general meeting or by the other Directors, must not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed as the maximum number of Directors

38. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

A Director shall cease to hold office if he or she

- 38.1 ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision in the Companies Acts or is prohibited by law from being a Director,
- 38.2 is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of sections 178 and 179 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision),
- 38.3 ceases to be a member of the Charity,
- 38.4 becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his or her own affairs,
- 38.5 resigns as a Director by notice to the Charity (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation is to take effect), or
- 38.6 is absent without the permission of the Directors from all their meetings held within a period of six (6) consecutive months and the Directors resolve that his or her office be vacated

39. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

- 39.1 The Directors must not be paid any remuneration unless it is authorised by Article 6

40. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 40.1 The Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit, subject to the provisions of the Articles
- 40.2 Any Director may call a meeting of the Directors
- 40.3 The secretary (if any) must call a meeting of the Directors if requested to do so by a Director
- 40.4 Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes

40.5 A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the Directors in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants

41. REQUIREMENT FOR QUORUM AT DIRECTORS MEETING

41.1 No decision may be made by a meeting of the Directors unless a quorum is present at the time the decision is purported to be made "Present" includes being present by suitable electronic means agreed by the Directors in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants

41.2 The quorum shall be two or the number nearest to one-third of the total number of Directors, whichever is the greater, or such larger number as may be decided from time to time by the Directors

41.3 A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which that Director is not entitled to vote

42. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS LESS THAN QUORUM

42.1 If the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors or Director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting

43. CHAIRING DIRECTORS MEETINGS

43.1 The Directors shall appoint a Director to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment

43.2 If no-one has been appointed to chair meetings of the Directors or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within ten (10) minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting

43.3 The person appointed to chair meetings of the Directors shall have no functions or powers except those conferred by the Articles or delegated to him or her by

the Directors

44. WRITTEN RESOLUTION

- 44.1 A resolution in writing or in electronic form agreed by all of the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Directors and to vote upon the resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly convened and held
- 44.2 The resolution in writing may comprise several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more Directors has signified their agreement

45. DELEGATION

- 45.1 The Directors may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee of two or more Directors, but the terms of any delegation must be recorded in the minute book
- 45.2 The Directors may impose conditions when delegating, including the conditions that
- 45.2.1 the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom they delegate,
 - 45.2.2 no expenditure may be incurred on behalf of the Charity except in accordance with a budget previously agreed with the Directors
- 45.3 The Directors may revoke or alter a delegation
- 45.4 All acts and proceedings of any committees must be fully and promptly reported to the Directors

46. VALIDITY OF DIRECTORS' DECISIONS

- 46.1 Subject to Article 46(2), all acts done by a meeting of Directors, or of a committee of Directors, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any



vote of a Director

46.1.1 who was disqualified from holding office,

46.1.2 who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office,

46.1.3 who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interests or otherwise,

if without

46.1.4 the vote of that Director, and

46.1.5 that Director being counted in the quorum,

the decision has been made by a majority of the Directors at a quorate meeting

46.2 Article 46(1) does not permit a Director or a connected person to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the Directors or of a committee of Directors if, but for Article 46(1), the resolution would have been void, or if the Director has not complied with Article 7

47. SEAL

47.1 If the Charity has a seal It must only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of Directors authorised by the Directors, the Directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the secretary (if any) or by a second Director

48. MINUTES

The Directors must keep minutes of all

- 48.1 appointments of officers made by the Directors,
- 48.2 proceedings at meetings of the Charity,
- 48.3 meetings of the Directors and committees of Directors including,
 - 48.3.1 the names of the Directors present at the meeting,
 - 48.3.2 the decisions made at the meetings, and
 - 48.3.3 where appropriate the reasons for the decisions

49. ACCOUNTS

- 49.1 The Directors must prepare for each financial year accounts as required by the Companies Acts The accounts must be prepared to show a true and fair view and follow accounting standards issued or adopted by the Accounting Standards Board or its successors and adhere to the recommendations of applicable Statements of Recommended Practice
- 49.2 The Directors must keep accounting records as required by the Companies Acts

50. ANNUAL REPORT AND RETURN AND REGISTER OF CHARITIES

- 50.1 The Directors must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the
 - 50.1.1 transmission of a copy of the statements of account to the Commission,
 - 50.1.2 preparation of an Annual Report and the transmission of a copy of it to the Commission,
 - 50.1.3 preparation of an Annual Return and its transmission to the Commission
- 50.2 The Directors must notify the Commission promptly of any changes to the



Chanty's entry of the Central Register of Charities

51. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

51.1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Charity under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006

provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Charity

51.2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being

52. FORM OF NOTICE

52.1 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles

52.1.1 must be in writing, or

52.1.2 must be given in electronic form

53. MEANS OF GIVING NOTICE

53.1 The Charity may give any notice to a member either

53.1.1 personally, or

53.1.2 by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his or her address, or

53.1.3 by leaving it at the address of the member, or

53.1.4 by giving it in electronic form to the member's address

53.1.5 by placing the notice on a website and providing the person with a



notification in writing or in electronic form of the presence of the notice on the website. The notification must state that it concerns a notice of a company meeting and must specify the place, date and time of the meeting

53.2 A member who does not register an address with the Charity or who registers only a postal address that is not within the United Kingdom shall not be entitled to receive any notice from the Charity

54. DEEMED NOTICE

54.1 A member present in person at any meeting of the Charity shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and of the purposes for which it was called

55. GIVING OF NOTICE

55.1 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given

55.2 Proof that an electronic form of notice was given shall be conclusive where the company can demonstrate that it was properly addressed and sent, in accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006

55.3 In accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006 notice shall be deemed to be given

55.3.1 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted, or

55.3.2 In the case of an electronic form of communication, 48 hours after it was sent

56. INDEMNITY

56.1 The Charity may indemnify a relevant Director against any liability incurred in that capacity, to the extent permitted by sections 232 to 234 of the Companies Act

2006

56.2 In this Article a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Charity

57. RULES

57.1 The Directors may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or by-laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the Charity

57.2 The by-laws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them

57.2.1 the admission of members of the Charity (including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights and privileges of such members, and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members,

57.2.2 the conduct of members of the Charity in relation to one another, and to the Charity's employees and volunteers,

57.2.3 the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Charity's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes,

57.2.4 the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Directors in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Companies Acts or by the Articles,

57.2.5 generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules

57.3 The Charity in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules or by-laws

57.4 The Directors must adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the rules and by-laws to the notice of members of the Charity

57.5 The rules or by-laws shall be binding on all members of the Charity No rule or by-law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in,

the Articles

58. DISPUTES

58.1 If a dispute arises between members of the company about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members of the company under these Articles, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation

59. DISSOLUTION

59.1 The members of the Charity may at any time before, and in expectation of, its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the Charity after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision has been made for them, shall on or before the dissolution of the Charity be applied or transferred In any of the following ways

59.1.1 directly for the Objects, or

59.1.2 by transfer to any Charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects, or

59.1.3 to any Charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects

59.2 Subject to any such resolution of the members of the Charity, the Directors of the Charity may at any time before and In expectation of its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the Charity after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision made for them, shall on or before dissolution of the Charity be applied or transferred

59.2.1 directly for the Objects, or

59.2.2 by transfer to any Charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects, or

59.2.3 to any Charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within

the Objects

59.3 In no circumstances shall the net assets of the Charity be paid to or distributed among the members of the Charity (except to a member that is itself a Charity) and if no resolution in accordance with Article 59(1) is passed by the members or the Directors the net assets of the Charity shall be applied for charitable purposes as directed by the Court or the Commission

60. INTERPRETATION

In Article 6, Article 8.2 and Article 46.2 "connected person" means

60.1 a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the Director,

60.2 the spouse or civil partner of the Director or of any person falling within Article 60.1 above,

60.3 a person carrying on business in partnership with the Director or with any person falling within Articles 60.2 and 60.3 above,

60.4 an Institution which is controlled

60.4.1 by the Director or any connected person falling within Articles 60.1 to 60.3 above, or

60.4.2 by two or more persons falling within Article 60.4.1, when taken together

60.5 a body corporate in which

60.5.1 the Director or any connected person falling within 60.1 to 60.3 has a substantial interest, or

60.5.2 two or more persons falling within Article 60.5.1 who, when taken together, have a substantial interest

60.5.3 Sections 350 - 352 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this Article